THE TRIANGULUM: TOBACCO, MARIJUANA, AND E-CIGARETTES

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# The Epidemiology of Poly Substance Use Among Youth and Adults

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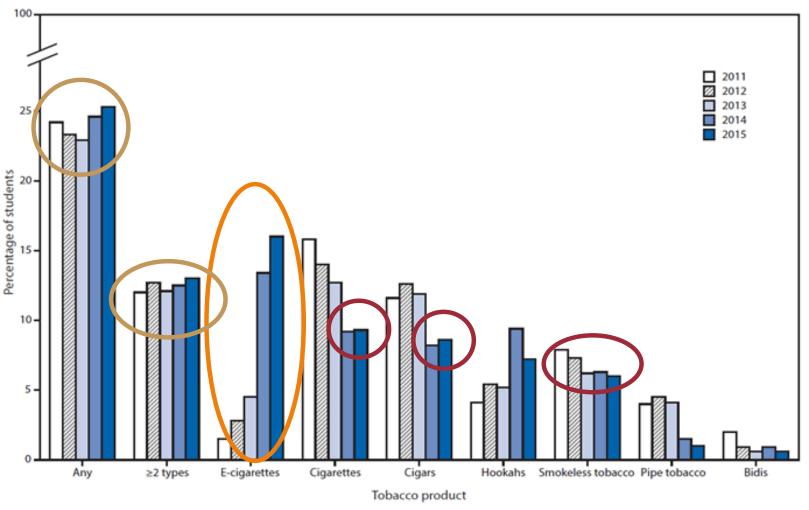
#### Disclaimer

The views and opinions expressed in this presentation are those of the author only and do not necessarily represent the views, official policy or position of the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, National Institutes of Health, or National Institute on Minority Health and Health Disparities.

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FIGURE 1. Estimated percentage of high school students who currently use any tobacco products,\* ≥2 tobacco products,† and select tobacco products — National Youth Tobacco Survey 2011–2015

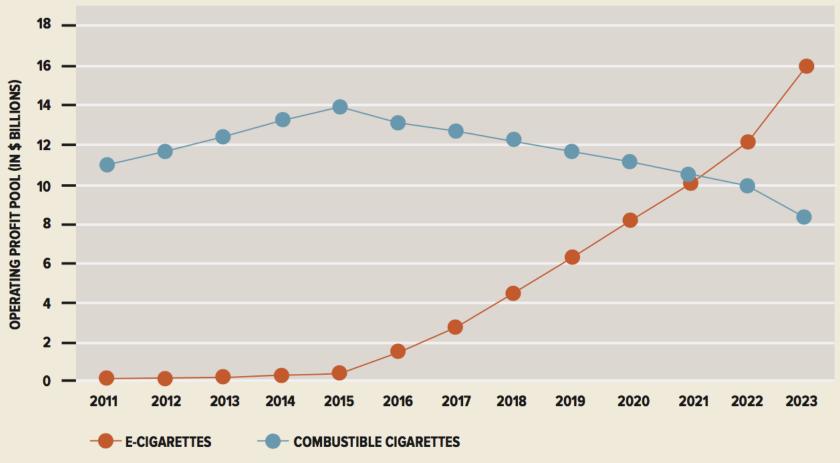


<sup>\*</sup> Any tobacco product use is defined as past 30-day use of cigarettes, cigars, smokeless tobacco, e-cigarettes, hookahs, pipe tobacco, and/or bidis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>†</sup> ≥2 tobacco product use is defined as past 30-day use of two or more of the following product types: cigarettes, cigars, smokeless tobacco, e-cigarettes, hookahs, pipe tobacco, and/or bidis.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> E-cigarettes and hookahs demonstrated a nonlinear increase (p<0.05). Cigarettes and smokeless tobacco demonstrated a linear decrease (p<0.05). Cigars, pipe tobacco, and bidis demonstrated a nonlinear decrease (p<0.05).</p>

## E-CIGARETTE PROFITS COULD SURPASS THOSE OF COMBUSTIBLE CIGARETTES WITHIN 10 YEARS

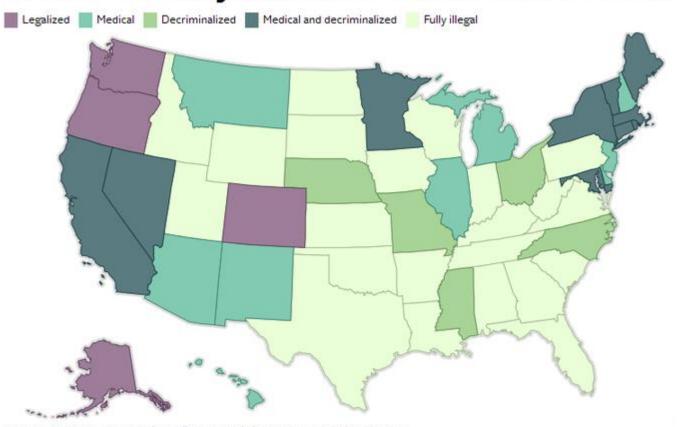


*Source*: Company data and Wells Fargo Securities LLC estimates. Data for 2011–2013 are actual. Data for 2014–2023 are estimated.



### Marijuana regulations in the US today...

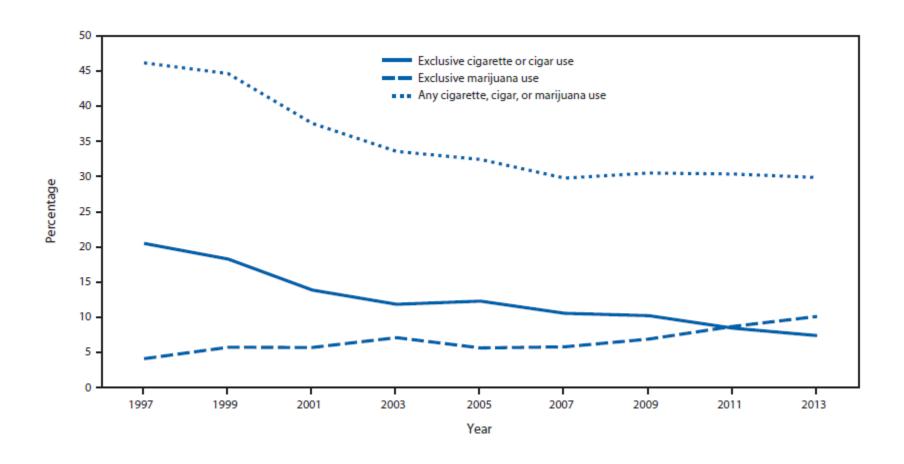
#### Status of marijuana laws in the United States



Source: NORML, Drug Policy Alliance, and the Marijuana Policy Project



# Prevalence of marijuana, cigarette, and cigar use among US 12<sup>th</sup> graders (YRBS)



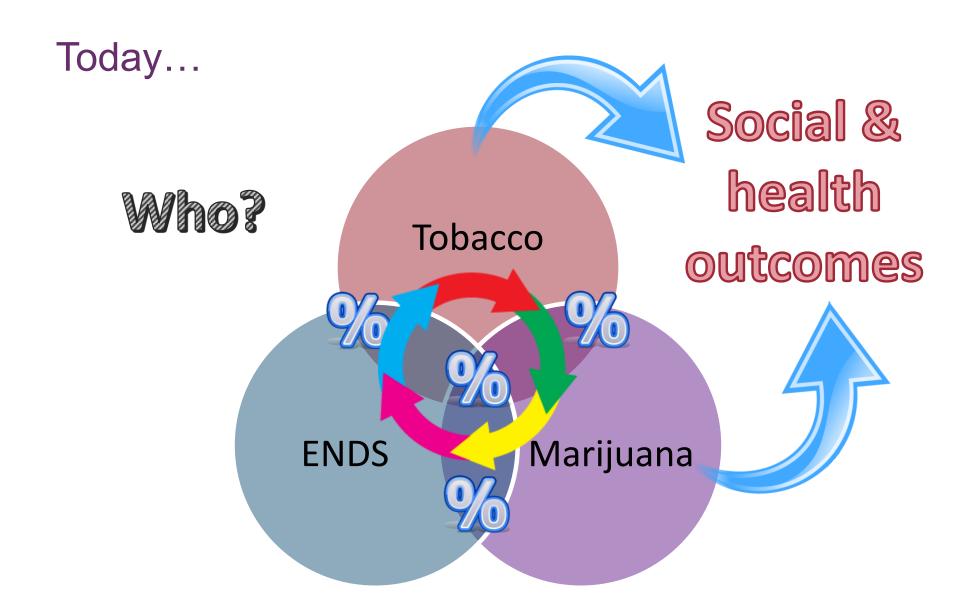




"The HIGH TIMES Cannabis Cup is the world's leading marijuana trade show, celebrating the world of ganja through competitions, instructional seminars, expositions, celebrity appearances, concerts and product showcases."

http://www.cannabiscup.com/







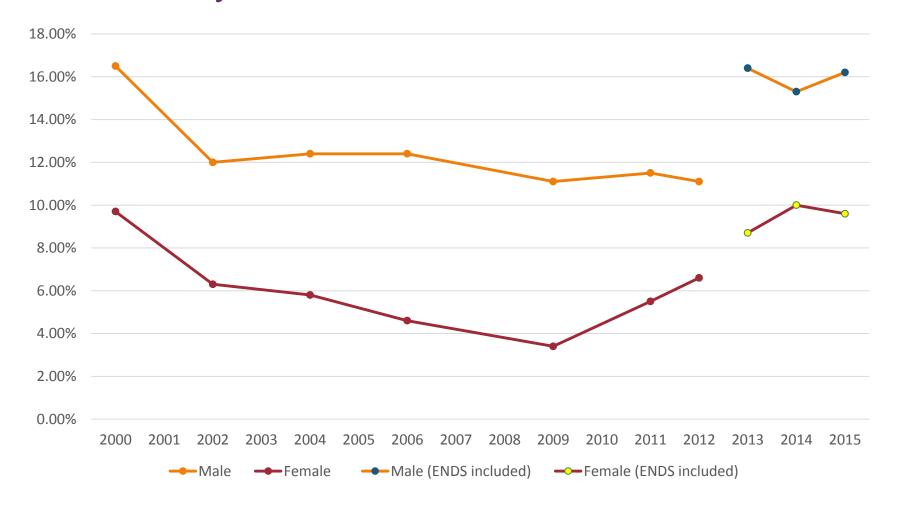
#### Note:

- This is <u>not</u> a systematic review.
- This is a highlight of studies that tried to answer these questions.

#### Act 1: Tobacco and ENDS Use

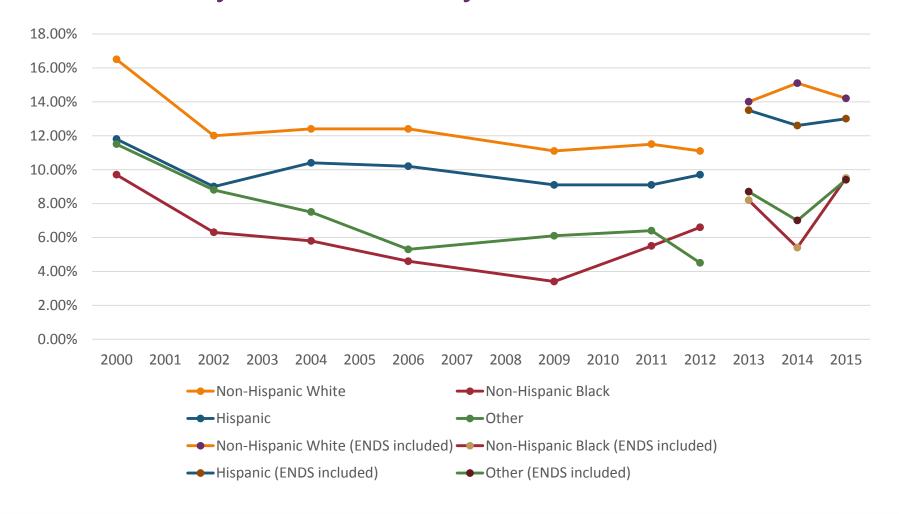


# Current polytobacco use (2+) in US high school students by sex





# Current polytobacco use (2+) in US high school students by race/ethnicity

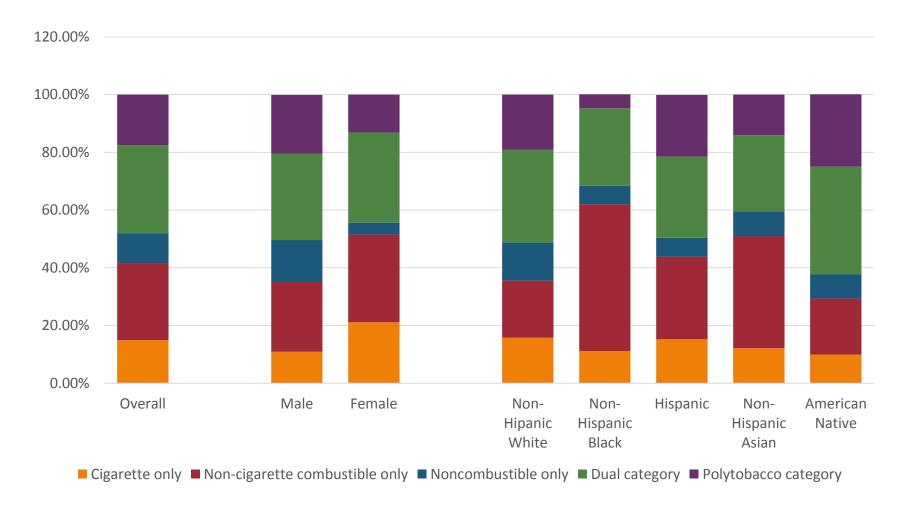




### Tobacco product-use pattern model

Tobacco product no.	Single tobacco products		Single product category use	Dual product category use	Polytobacco product category use
•		I			
1	Cigarettes category	Cigarettes	A	D (any two product categories)	E (cigarettes & non- cigarette combustibles & noncombustibles)
		II			
2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Non-cigarette combustibles category	Bidis Cigarillos Cigars Clove cigarettes Hookah Little cigars Pipe Roll-your-own cigarettes	В	$\begin{array}{c} D_1\\ \text{(cigarettes \& non-cigarette combustibles)} \\ \\ D_2\\ \text{(cigarettes \& noncombustibles)} \end{array}$	
		III		ъ.	
10 11 12	Noncombustibles category	Chewing tobacco Dip Dissolvable tobacco	С	D <sub>3</sub> (non-cigarette combustibles & noncombustibles)	
13	cat	E-cigarettes			
14 15	Non	E-vapor Snuff			
16		Snus			
10	l l	Silus			

## NYTS 2012 middle and high school current tobacco users





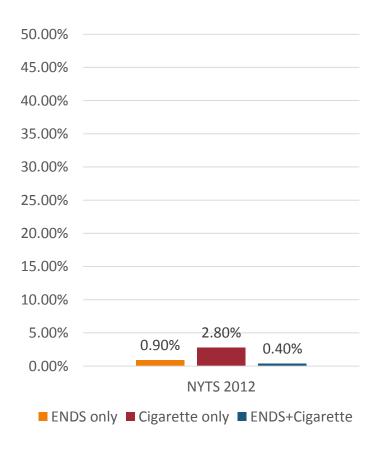
# Correlates of youth tobacco product use patterns

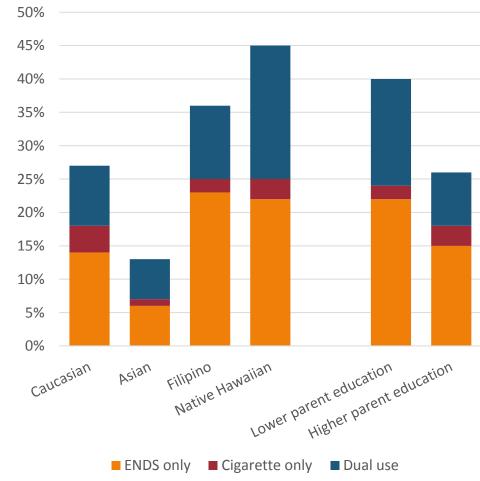
	Cigarette only	Non-cigarette combustible only	Non- combustible only	Dual product category	Polytobacco product category
Perceived ease of access	Ref.				+
Exposure to ads	Ref.				+
Exposure to coupons	Ref.			+	+
Exposure to promotions	Ref.	+	+	+	+
Denied smoking is cool	Ref.	+	+		-
Thought all tobacco products are dangerous	Ref.			-	-

Adjusted for age, gender, race/ethnicity, and living with tobacco users.



#### Youth dual use of cigarettes and ENDS





## Youth ENDS only vs. Dual ENDS and Cigarette Users in Hawaii

	ENDS only	Dual use	p-value				
Social-cognitive protective factors							
Parental support	23.3	21.8	0.03				
Parental monitoring	20.0	19.0	0.01				
Grades past year	3.9	3.5	0.001				
Social-cognitive risk factors							
Smoking expectancies	10.1	14.3	0.01				
Peer smoking	1.5	2.8	0.001				
Sensation seeking	15.8	17.8	0.001				
Other substance use							
Marijuana (0-6 pts)	0.6	2.6	0.001				

Adjusted for gender, grade, family structure, ethnicity, parental education, and accounted for school clustering.

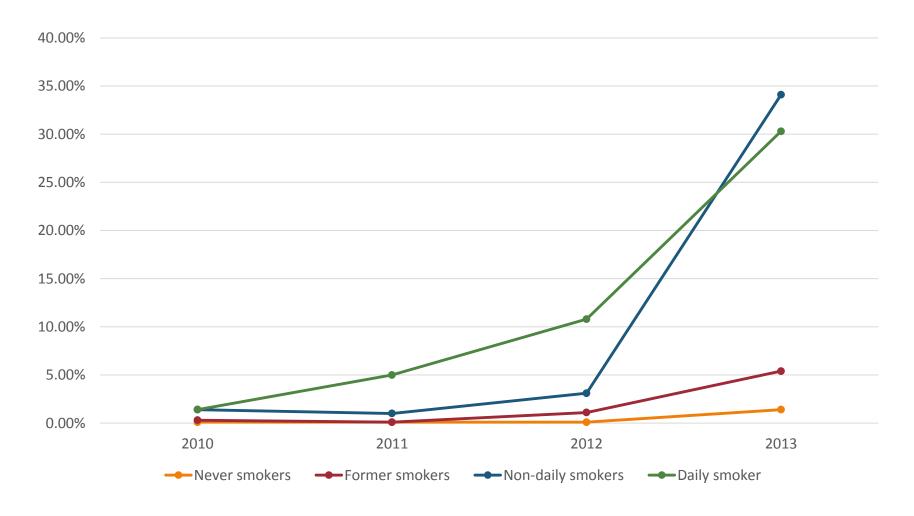


#### Youth ENDS ←→ Tobacco use

- Tobacco → ENDS
  - Youth smokers are more likely to use ENDS, but no evidence of a complete switch
  - Influence of other tobacco products on ENDS initiation is unknown
- ENDS → Tobacco
  - Leventhal et al, 2015
    - 14 year-old never combustible tobacco user from 10 public high schools in Los Angeles, CA, followed for 12 months
    - ENDS ever use at baseline predicted ever using cigarettes, cigars, and hookah at follow-up
  - Primack et al, 2015
    - National sample of 16 to 26 year-old never cigarette smokers who were attitudinally non-susceptible to smoking cigarettes (n=694), followed for a year
    - ENDS ever use at baseline predicted ever using cigarettes at follow-up



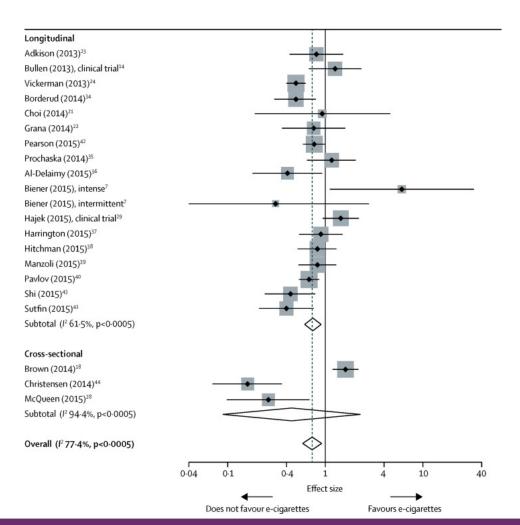
#### Tobacco and ENDS use in US Adults





#### Adult ENDS ←→ Tobacco use

- Tobacco →
   ENDS
  - RCTs:Insufficientevidence
  - Observational: not occurring
- ENDS →
   Tobacco?
   Unknown



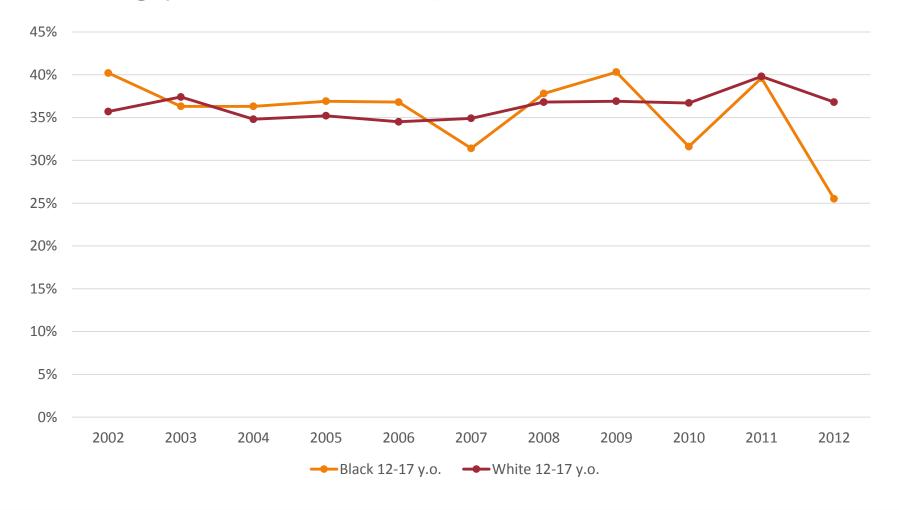


### Act 2: Tobacco and Marijuana Use

First, let look at some trends...

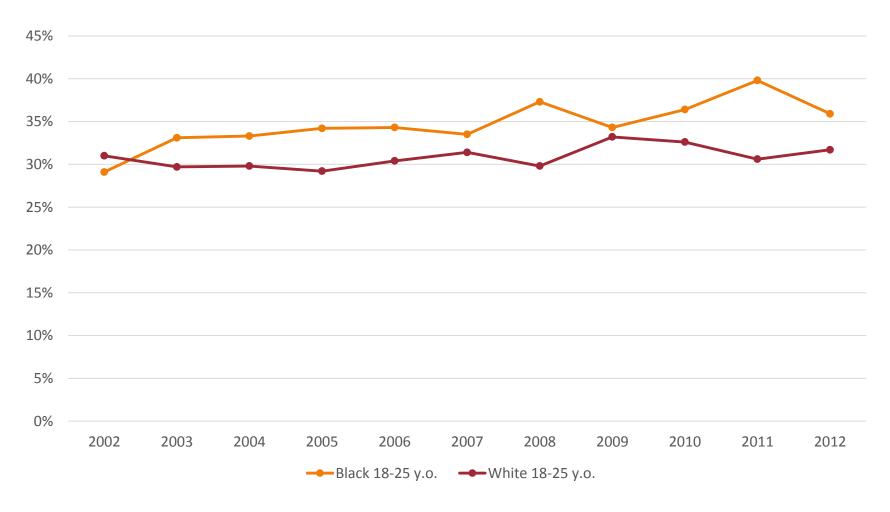


# Past 30 days cigarette/cigar + marijuana use among youth reported product use (NSDUH)





## Past 30 days cigarette/cigar + marijuana use among young adults reported product use (NSDUH)





## Correlates and consequences of marijuana and tobacco co-use

#### Correlates

- Older age (2/3 studies, 66%)
- African American (5/6 studies, 83%)
- Mental health (e.g., externalizing symptoms, anxiety symptoms; 10/15 studies, 66%)
- Parenting characteristics (e.g., authoritative parenting style; 2/2 studies, 100%)
- School characteristics (e.g., education enrollment, good grades; 4/4 studies, 100%)
- Exposure to violence (e.g., childhood sexual abuse; 2/2 studies, 100%

#### Consequences

- Engaging in health risk behaviors (e.g., drug driving, unsafe sex; 3/3 studies, 100%)
- Mental health symptoms (e.g., depressive symptoms and diagnosed depression; 4/4 studies, 100%)



### Tobacco ← → Marijuana: "Gateway"

- Tobacco → Marijuana
  - 24 longitudinal studies
  - Most studies found a positive association between tobacco use and subsequent marijuana use
- Marijuana → Tobacco
  - 15 longitudinal studies
  - Most studies found a positive association between marijuana use and subsequent tobacco use



#### Tobacco → Marijuana dependence

- National Epidemiologic Survey on Alcohol and Related Conditions
  - 2001-2002, 43,093 US representative adults surveyed in 2001-2002

Tobacco type	· ·		Both (AOR, 95% CI)
Cannabis abuse /dependence	1.55 (1.31, 1.83)	1.04 (0.69, 1.58)	1.68 (1.35, 2.10)

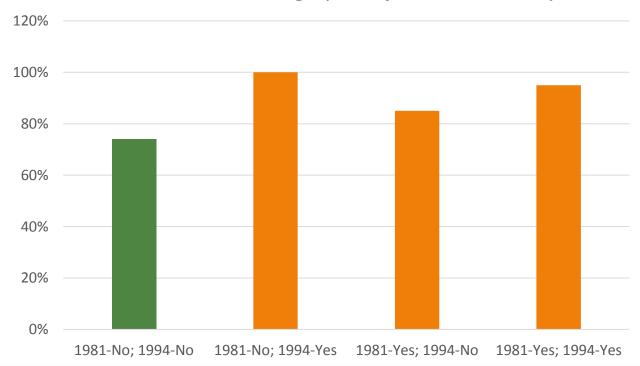
Adjusted for age, gender, race, poverty, education, census region, nativity, conduct disorder, major depression, anxiety disorder, panic disorder, social anxiety disorder, nicotine dependence, alcohol dependence, other illicit drugs, family history.



### Marijuana → Nicotine addiction

- Baltimore Epidemiologic Catchment Area study
  - 431 adults <45 year-old smokers followed from 1981 to 1993-4 (13 years)</li>







#### Act 3: Tobacco, ENDS, and Marijuana Use

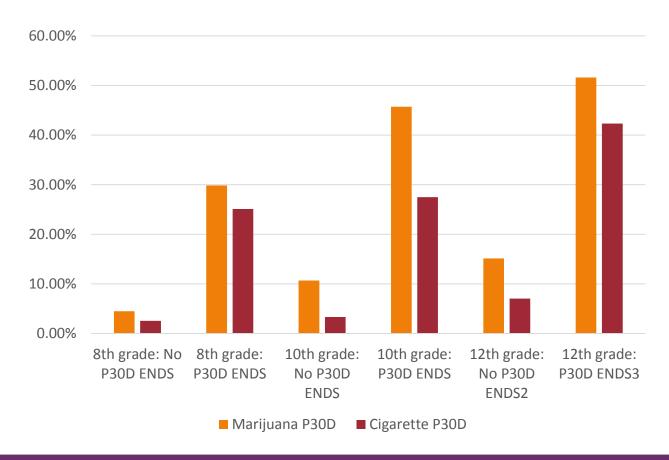
Few studies have examined all three substance in the same sample.

Here are three examples, one focused on youth, one focused on young adults.



## Monitoring the Future Study 2014

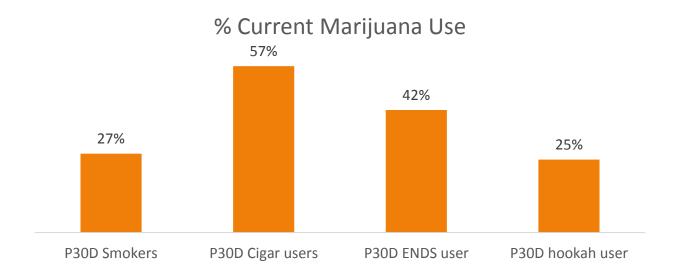
• 41,551 nationally representative 8<sup>th</sup>, 10<sup>th</sup>, and 12 graders





### Legacy Youth Adult Cohort 2013

4,288 nationally representative 18-34 year-olds



	P30D Smoking	P30D Cigars	P30D ENDS	P30D Hookah
	(AOR)	(AOR)	(AOR)	(AOR)
Current marijuana use	2.31*	8.06*	3.53*	1.93

Adjusted for age, gender, race/ethnicity, education.



## So... sky fallir







## Summary

	%	Who?	Why?	Effect on use of other substance	Social & Health outcomes
Tobacco and ENDS	<b>\</b>		<b>(</b> *)	<b>?</b> •	
Tobacco and marijuana	<b>✓</b>		<b>✓</b>	?	••
ENDS and marijuana	?	2			
Tobacco, ENDS, and marijuana	?	?			

#### Future research questions

- Are characteristics of marijuana users after legalization the same as those before legalization?
- Does ENDS worsen marijuana dependence? Or does marijuana worsen nicotine dependence through ENDS? Or both?
- What are the social and health outcomes of ENDS and marijuana co-use?
   Are they the same as those of tobacco and marijuana co-use?
- What are the trajectories of tobacco, ENDS, and marijuana co-use over time?
- How does the co-use of these products affect tobacco use disparities?



#### Questions?

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Dr. Melanie Sabado

Ms. Sarah Krosnick



